## **Quick guide of Pl9000 operation**



My future, drive and control

- 1. The introduction of new generation of PI9000
- 2. The new generation of PI9000 has following feature .
- 3. Installation of PI9000 procedure:
- 4. Examples of connections between the Inverter typical peripheral devices are shown.
- 5. Keyboard operating instruction.
- 6. Trial operation follow chart
- 7. Wiring Of PI9000 inverter
- 8. How to perform motor auto-turning
- 9. Apply the braking unit and braking resistor
- 10.1. Operate the VFD with keyboard
- 10.2 Operating Forward and reverse key of key board for JOG running
- 10.3. Operating VFD by I/O terminals board.
- 10.3.2. wiring of I/O interface terminal
- 10.3.3. FWD and REV running controlled by I/O terminal.
- 10.3.4. FWD and REV JOG running controlled by I/O terminal
- 10.3.5. three line control mode
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- 12. Frequency setting by analog current (Al2)
- 13. Employ output analog signal for monitoring current , frequency , speed etc.
- 14. Multi-speed applying with I/O interface terminal
- 15. Frequency UP and Down controlled by I/O interface terminal board
- 16.1.Application of multi-function output .(1) alarm output
- 16.2. Application of multi-function output 2. (frequency arrival and frequency detecting)
- 17. PID control for constant pressure water supply-electrical diagram (0-10V signal feedback)
- 18. PI9000 apply in air compressor retrofitting with PID control function.
- 19. Application of PI9000 series inverters in crane
- 20. Fault Diagnosis



# 1. The introduction of new generation of PI9000 of POWTRAN Technology.

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The PI9000 series inverter is high-performance motor control module and consists of V/F, sensorless vector control (SVC) and torqure control. It is mainly responsible for high performance control and overall protection of the motor, controlling the motor through sending running commands to multiple channels or performing close loop vector control through encoder interface. which mainly ,includes most of functions of the inverter, such as PID control, MS speed, and swing frequency and so on .





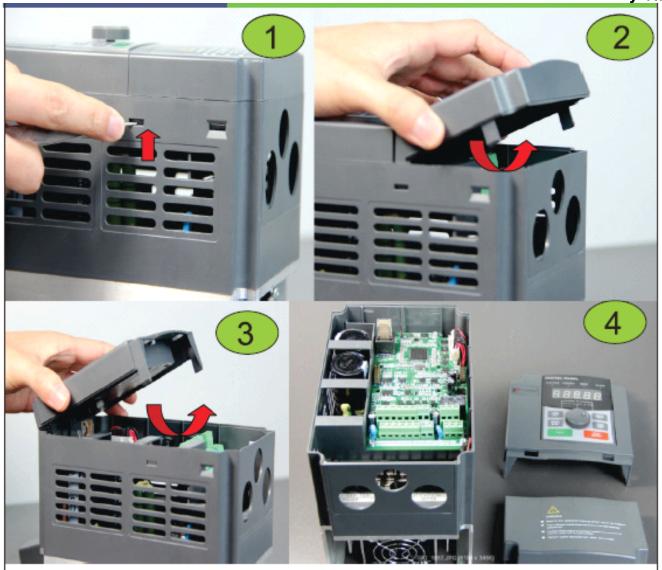
## 2. The new generation of PI9000 has following feature .

	My future ,drive and cont
Input/output terminal	Five digital two analog input signal, two analog output , two high speed port and one relay
Control mode	0:V/F 1:open loop flux vector control 2:torque control (open loop flux vector control) 3:closed loop with sensor flux vector control
MS speed	Be able to realize 16S speed
PLC Simple PLC	Be able to realize 16S timing operation
Swing frequency and fixed-length control	Available
Swing frequency and	Available
Main/auxiliary setup	Available
Communication function	standard RS485 , Modbus
PID control	Available
Protection function	It can implement power-on motor short-circuit detection, input/output phase loss protection, over current protection, over voltage protection, under voltage protection, over heat protection and overload protection. Over voltage stall protection ,current limit
	It enables the parameter copy unit to copy the parameters
Parameter copy	quickly.
Optional parts	LCD operation panel, braking components, communication card,, PG card, water supply card, etc



## 3. Installation of Pl9000 procedure:

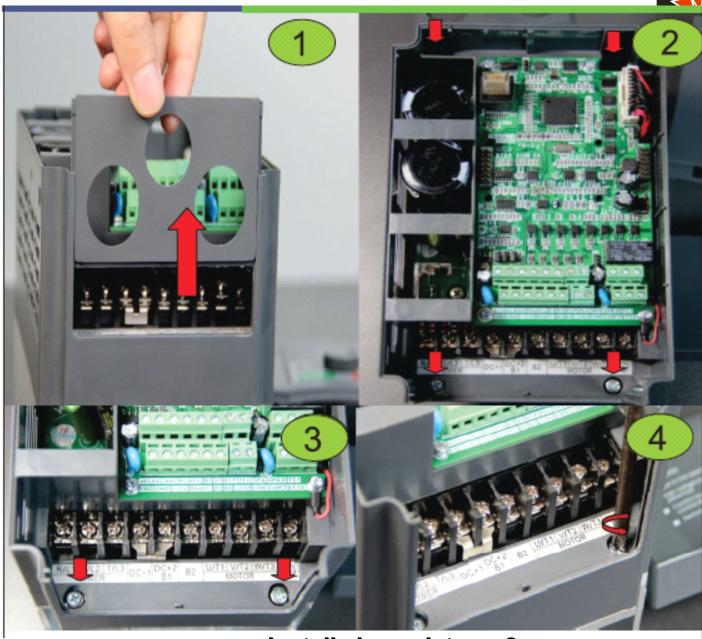
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**Install show picture -1** 



ure ,drive and control

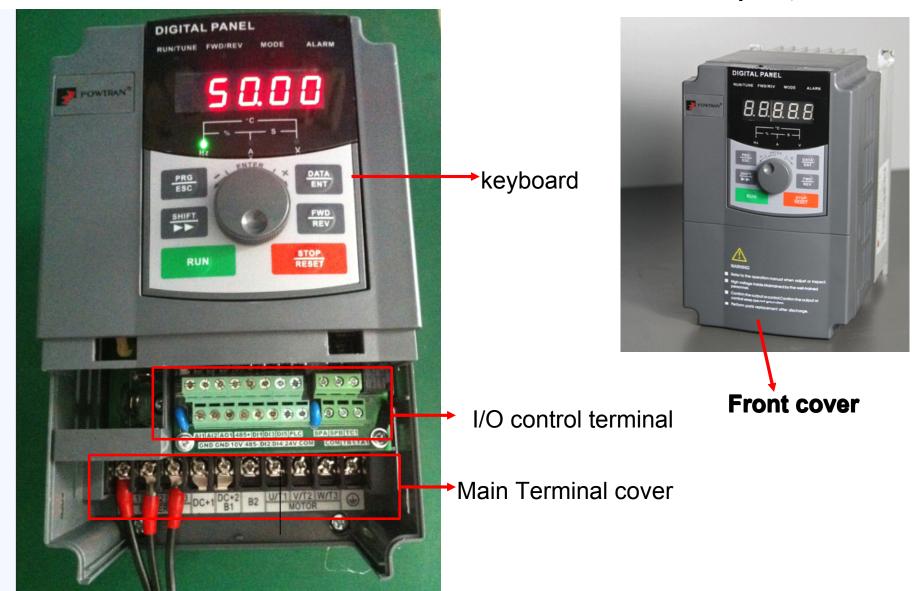


Install show picture -2



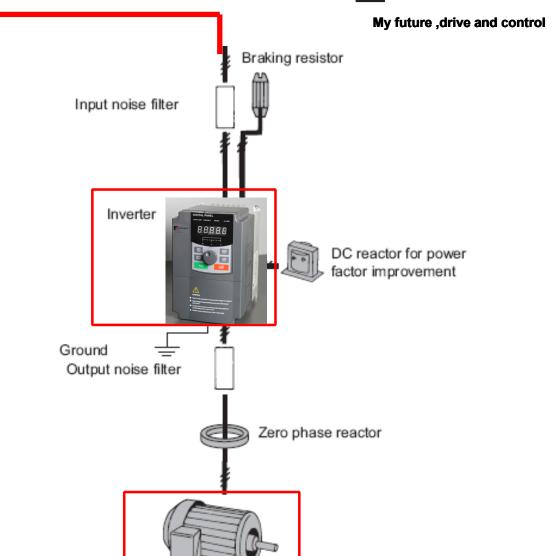
#### Power on inverter

#### My future ,drive and control

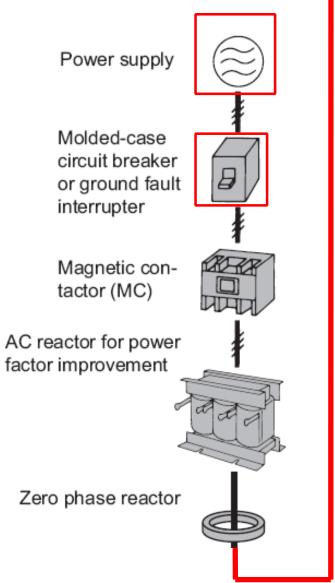


# 4.Examples of connections between the Inverter typical peripheral devices are shown.





Ground



Please refer to "APPLICATION OF OPTIONAL EQUIPMENT".

## 5.Keyboard operating instruction. \_\_1



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The operator interface provides a means for an operator to start and stop the motor and adjust the operating speed.





Parameters setting / Escape key :enter into function parameters list or escape it .



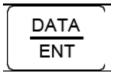
1. Shift the data bit when do a modification.

2:shift the monitor parameters in the stop mode



1:JOG running

2:switch forward and reverse direction



Enters menus and parameters, and set validates parameter changes.

1. Change the F00-F14 in the first Menu

2. Change the function code in the second menu

3. Change the value of function code in the third menu

4. Frequency setting in the run or stop mode.



Starts the Inverter operation



1.Stop inverter operation

2. Also acts as the Reset key when a fault has occurred.

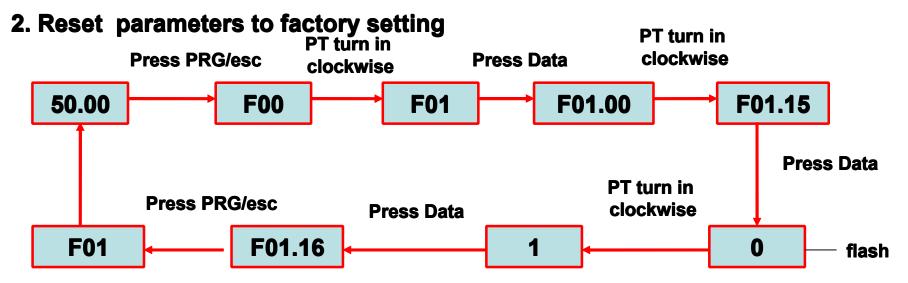
## 5. Keyboard operating instruction. \_2



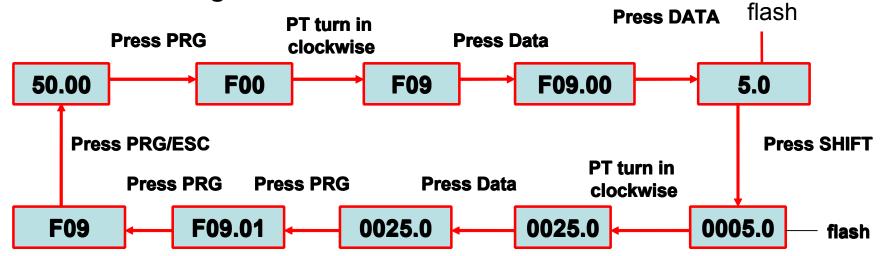
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1. The first menu: F00 2. The second menu: F00.00

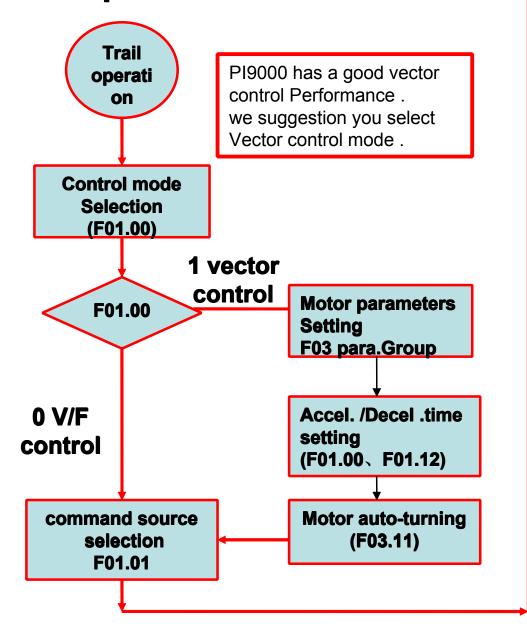
3. The third menu: **50.0**(

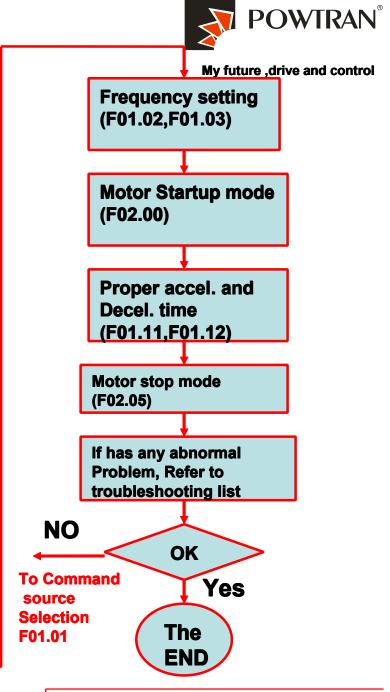


#### 3. Parameters setting

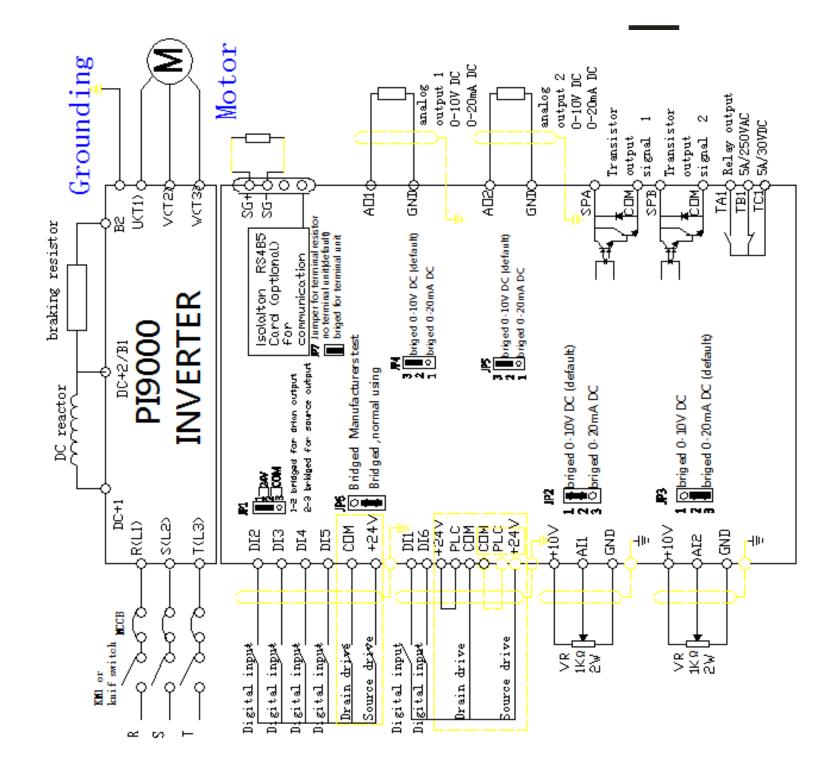


## **6.Trial operation follow chart**





## 7.Wiring Of PI900 inverter

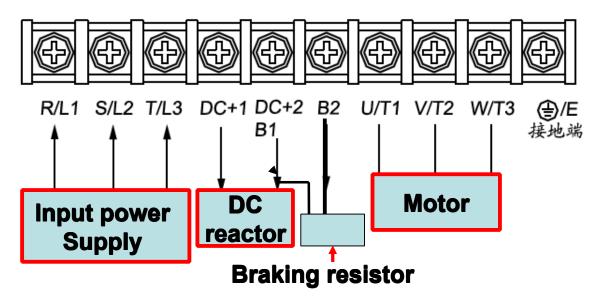




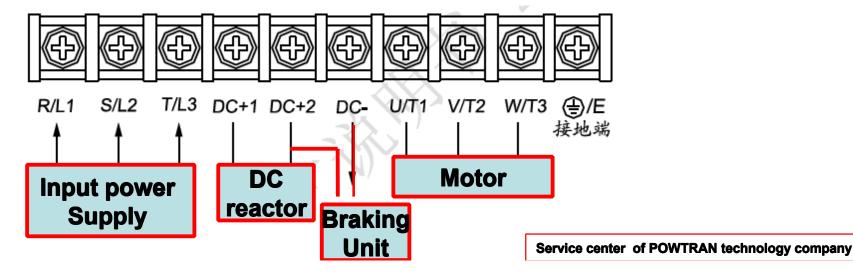
#### . Main terminal

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#### 0.4KW to 18.5 KW inverter:



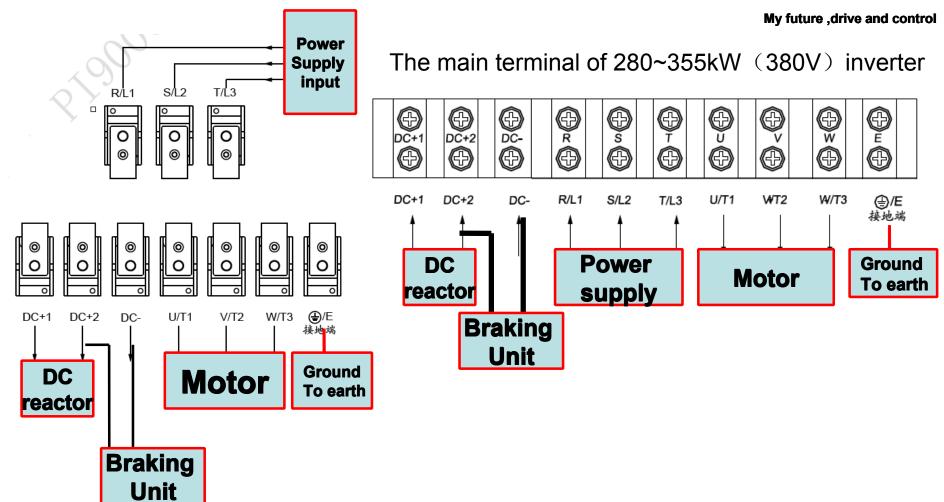
#### 18.5 to 250 KW and above inverter:





The main terminal of 45~250kW (380V) inverter

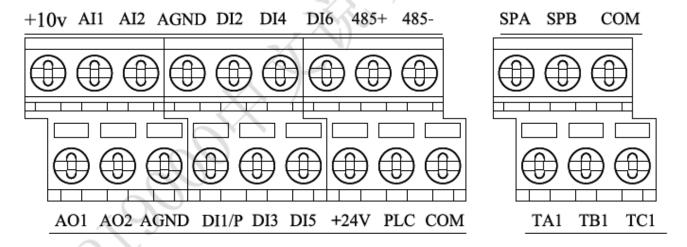




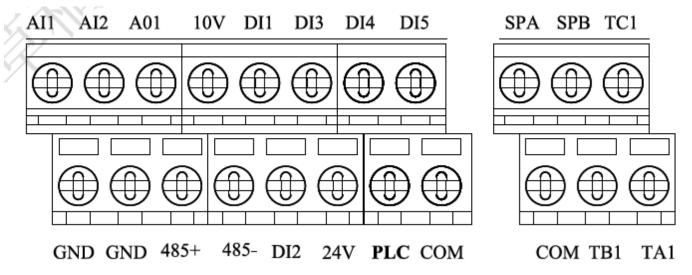


# I/O control terminal of PI9000. There are two type of controller board of PI9000.

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#### The I/O terminal of 9KLCB controller board



The I/O terminal of 9KSCB controller board



## 8. How to perform motor auto-turning?

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# Performing motor auto-turning to get the motor parameters Automatically for vector control application.

- 1. Set the B motor parameters according you motor .(F03.00-F03.05)
- 2. Disconnect load from motor for performing complete Rotational auto-turning
- 3. Program F03.11=1 and press DATA/ENT key ,the auto-turning is going to start.

F03. 00	inverter type	0:General type 1:Fan and pump type inverter
F03. 01	rated power	0.4~900.0KW
F03. 02	rated frequency	0.01~F01.07 (maximum frequency)
F03. 03	rated rotation speed	0~36000RPM
F03. 04	rated voltage	0~460V
F03. 05	rated current	0. 1∼2000. 0A
F03. 06	stator resistance	$0.001{\sim}65.535\Omega$
F03. 07	rotor resistance	$0.001{\sim}65.535\Omega$
F03. 08	leakage inductive reactance	0.001∼6553.5mH
F03. 09	mutual inductive reactance	0.001∼6553.5mH
F03. 10	no-load current	0. 01∼655. 35A
F03. 11	motor auto-turning selection	0:no operation 1:complete Rotational auto-tuning 2:Stationary auto-tuning

## 8.Motor auto turning \_1



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- 4. The time of auto-turning also depend on the (F01.11,F01.12) acceleration and deceleration time
- 5.If the load can't take from the motor ,please set F03.11 to 2 to perform stationary auto-turning .



Motor basic Parameter setting



**Going to Auto-turning** 



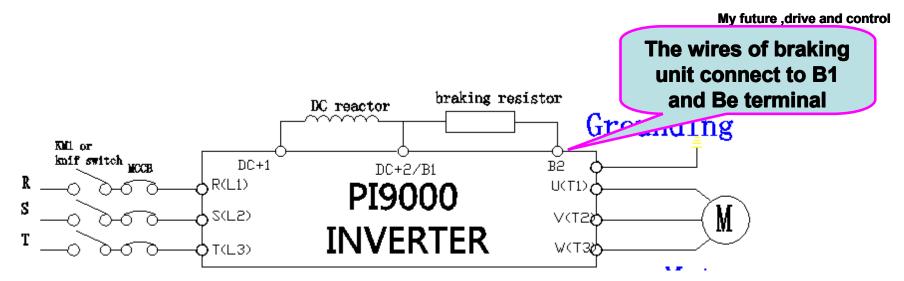
**Auto-turning** 



Finish auto-turning

## 9. Apply the braking unit and braking resistor.





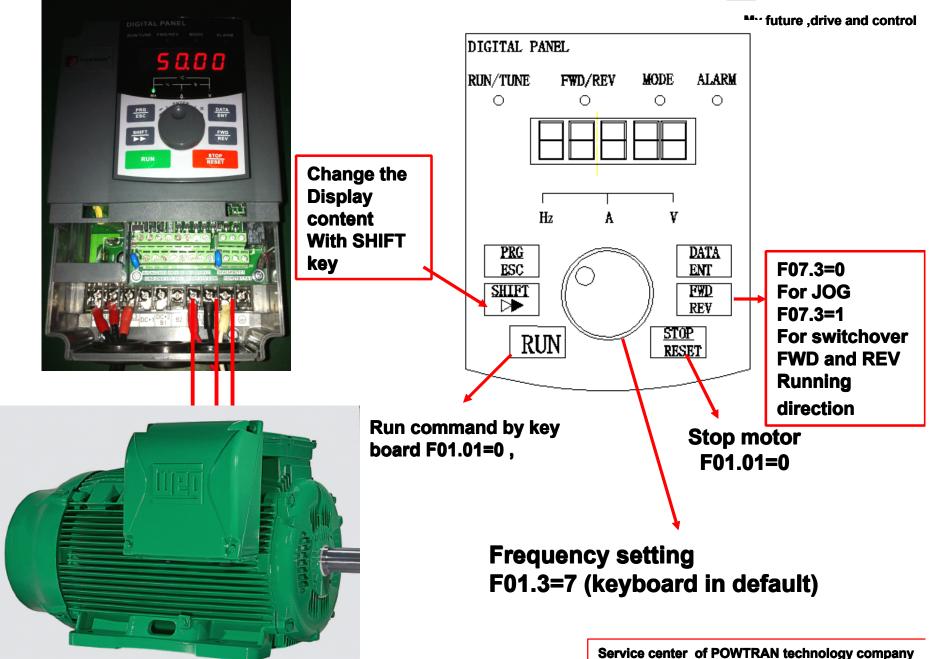
The HP of 22kW of 220V and below and HP of 15 and it is below has built In braking unit inside of inverter, it can provide maximum of 50% of braking Torque, if connect to braking unit, it can provide maximum of 150% torque.

It is no need to set any parameters for connecting the braking unit.

The braking function is activated in default ! The activated of DC braking Voltage is 130%  $U_{\text{DC}}$ 

## 10.1. Operating the VFD with keyboard

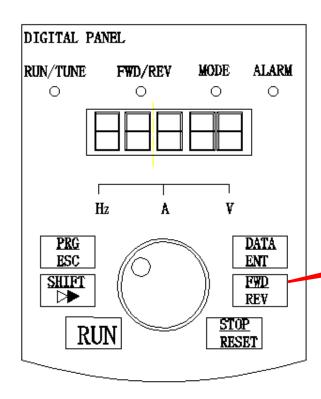








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press the FWD/REV key for JOG Running

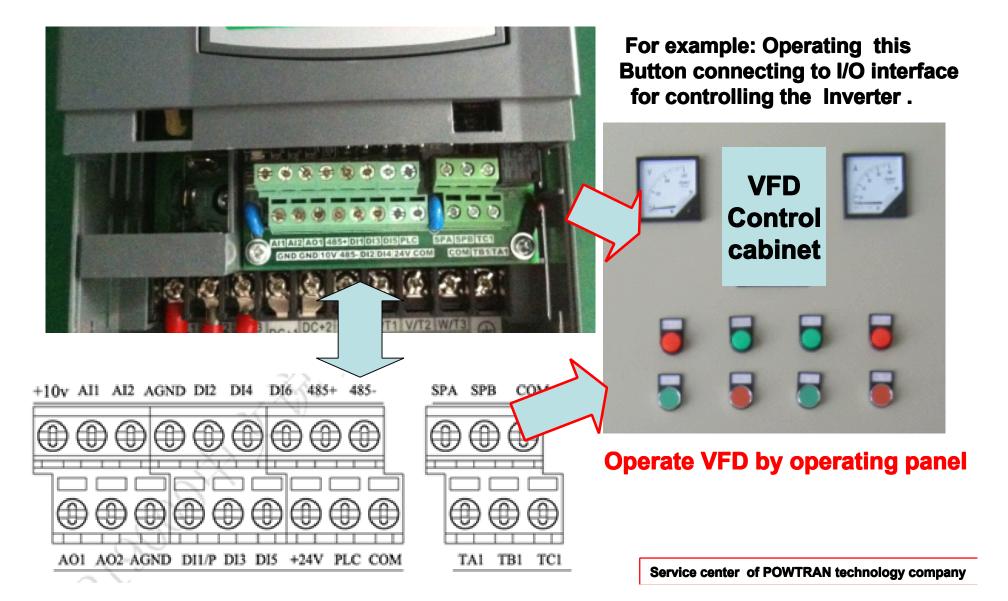
F07. 03	FWD/REV function key selection	0:JOG	0
F09. 06	Jog running frequency	0.00∼F01.07(Maximum frequency)	5. 00Hz
F09. 07	Jog acceleration time	0. 1∼3600. 0S	inverter type
F09. 08	Jog deceleration time	0. 1∼3600. 0S	inverter type



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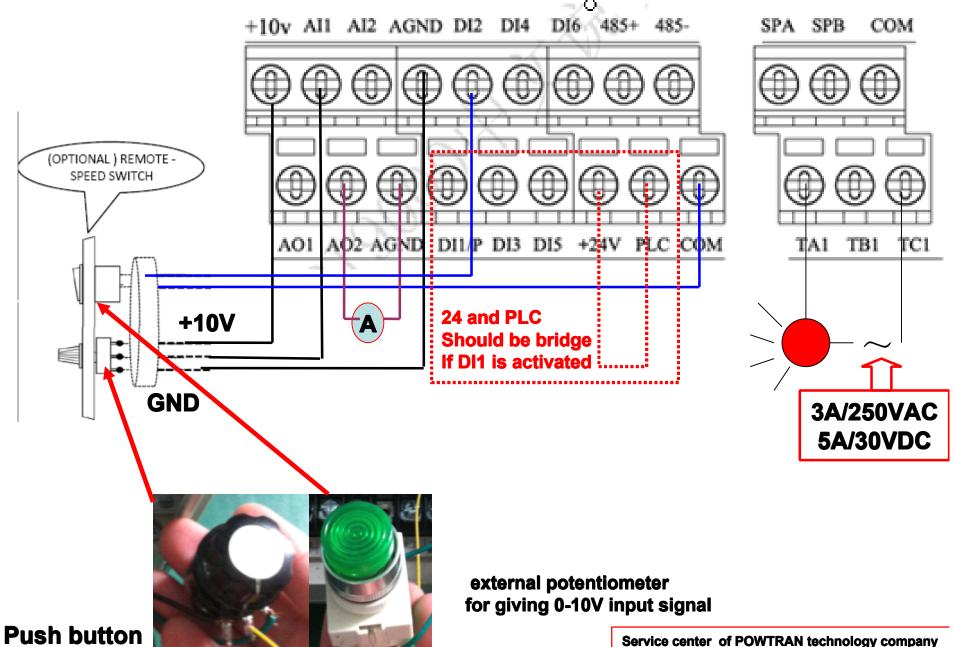
## 10.3.1.Operating VFD by I/O terminals board.

(I/O) terminals for connecting pushbuttons, switches and other operator interface devices or control signals.



## 10.3.2. wiring of I/O interface terminal.

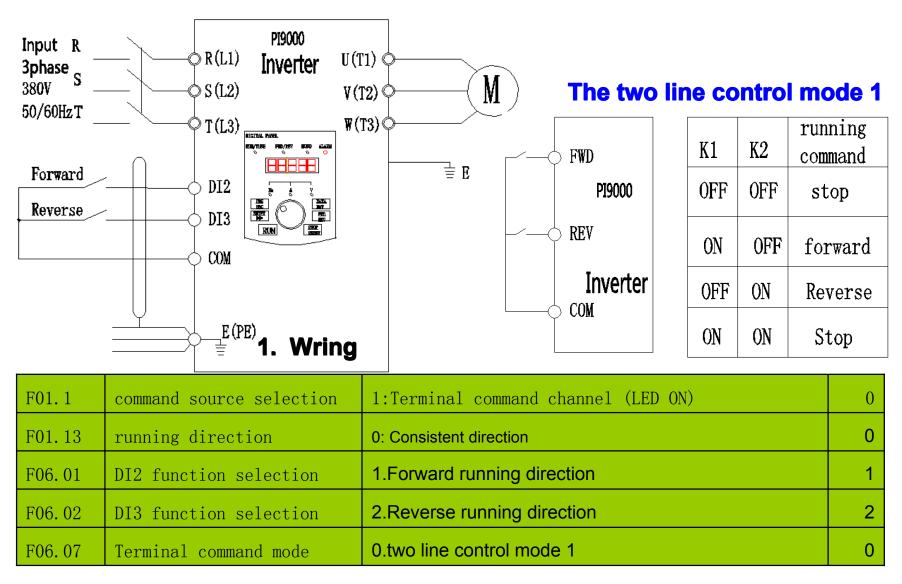




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# 10.3.3. FWD and REV running controlled by I/O terminal.

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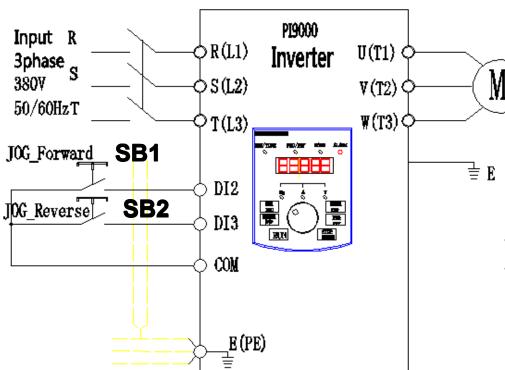


#### 2.Parameters setting

## 10.3.4. FWD and REV JOG running controlled by I/O terminal.

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When the SB1 is on ,the motor Will run ,it off ,the motor will stop

CODE	Description	Range of setting	Refer. value
F01.01	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1
F06.01	DI2 function selection	Forward rotation JOG	4
F06.02	DI3 function selection	5:Reverse rotation (RJOG)	5
F09.06	Jog running frequency	0.00~F01.07(Maximum frequency)	6
F09.07	Jog acceleration time	0.1∼3600.0S	10s
F09.08	Jog deceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	10s

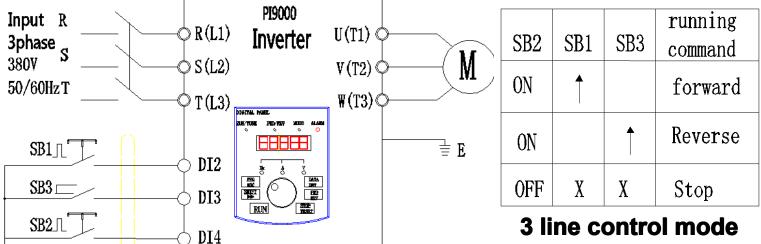
## 10.3.5. three line control mode

COM

\_E (PE)







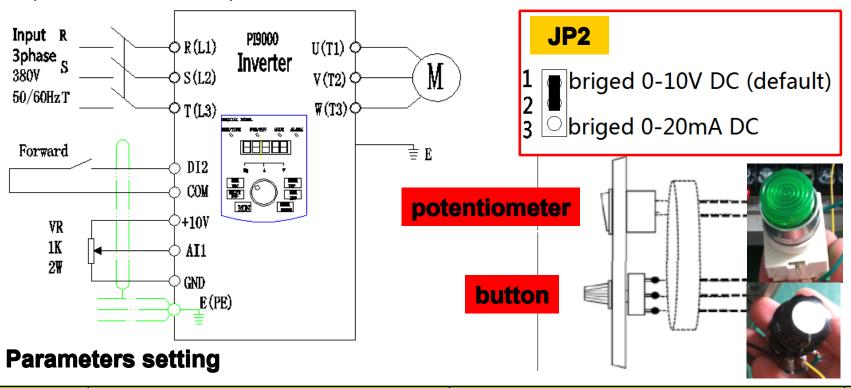
The SB3 is emergency stop button,
Only it has been on ,the inverter is active .otherwise.
SB1 is on, inverter will run in forward direction;
SB2 is on ,inverter will run in Reverse direction .

F01. 1	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	0
F01. 13	running direction	0: Consistent direction	0
F06. 01	DI2 function selection	1.Forward running direction	1
F06. 02	DI3 function selection	3:Three line mode running control	3
F06. 03	DI4 function selection	2.Reverse running direction/3:Three	2
F06. 07	Terminal command mode	0. three line control mode 2	3



# 11. Frequency setting with external potentiometer (Variable resistor)

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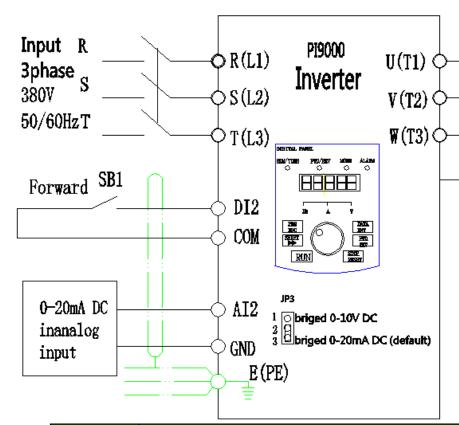


F01. 1	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	0
F01. 03	frequency setting source selection	1:AI1 analog signal input	1
F01. 13	running direction	2: reverse direction is forbidden	2
F06. 01	DI2 function selection	1. Forward running direction	1
F06. 07	Terminal command mode	0. two line control mode 1	0

## 12. Frequency setting by analog current (Al2)



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# JP3 jumper setting for Al2 for receiving input analog signal

F01. 1	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	0
F01. 03	frequency setting source selection	1:AI2 analog signal input	2
F01. 13	running direction	2: reverse direction is forbidden	2
F06. 01	DI2 function selection	1. Forward running direction	1
F06. 07	Terminal command mode	0. two line control mode 1	0

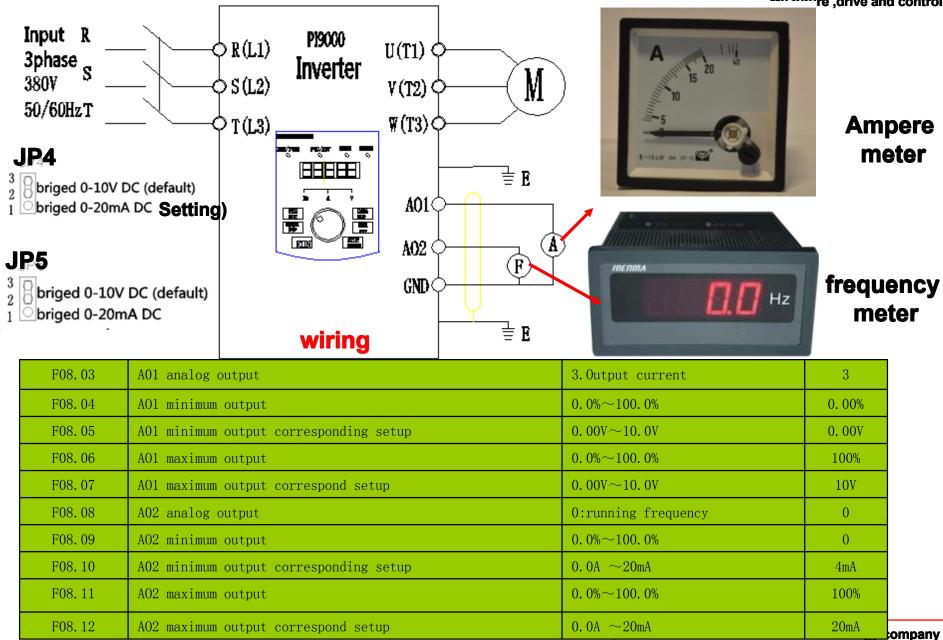
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## 13.Employ output analog signal for monitoring current, frequency, speed etc.









## Output analog signal selection parameters list

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F08. 03	A01 analog output	0:running frequency 1:setup frequency2:runing speed3:output current 4:output voltage5:output power6:output torque7:AI1 input analog signal8:AI2 input analog signal	0
F08. 04	AO1 minimum output	0.0%~100.0%	0.00%
F08. 05	A01 minimum output corresponding setup	0.00V~10.0V	0. 00V
F08. 06	A01 maximum output	0.0%~100.0%	100%
F08. 07	A01 maximum output correspond setup	0.00V~10.0V	10V
F08. 08	A02 analog output	0:running frequency 1:setup frequency2:runing speed3:output current 4:output voltage5:output power6:output torque7:AI1 input analog signal8:AI2 input analog signal	0
F08. 09	AO2 minimum output	0.0%~100.0%	0.00%
F08. 10	A02 minimum output corresponding setup	0.00V~10.0V	0. 00V
F08. 11	AO2 maximum output	0.0%~100.0%	100%
F08. 12	A02 maximum output correspond setup	0.00V~10.0V	10V

# Parameters setting

## 14. Multi-speed applying with I/O interface terminal





## My future ,drive and control MS terminal relative to Ms speed table.

Input R 3phase S 380V 50/60HzT	→ R(L1) → S(L2) → T(L3)	P19000 Inverter	U(T1) ( V(T2) ( W(T3) (	736
Forward /stop Multip-speed 1 Multip-speed 2 Multip-speed 3	→ DI2 → DI3 → DI4 → DI5			<u></u> ≢ E
	COM E (PE	>		

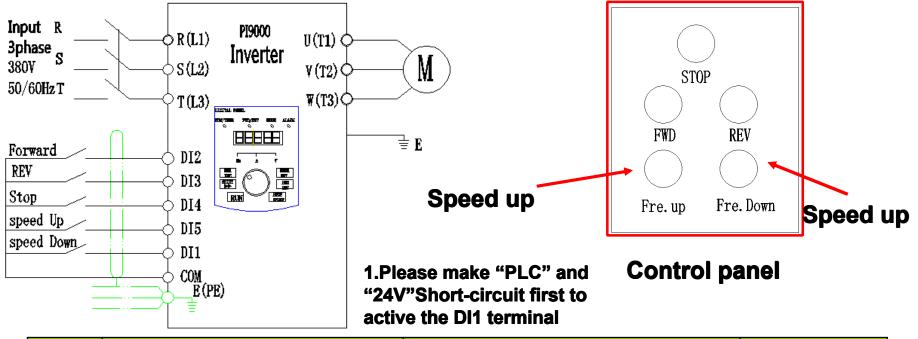
MS1	MS2	MS3	MS4	
0FF	0FF	0FF	OFF.	F11. 00
0FF	OFF	OFF	ON	F11. 01
OFF	0FF	ON	OFF	F11. 02
OFF	0FF	ON	ON	F11. 03
0FF	ON	0FF	0FF	F11. 04
0FF	ON	OFF	ON	F11. 05
0FF	ON	ON	0FF	F11. 06
0FF	ON	ON	ON	F11. 07
ON	0FF	OFF	0FF	F11. 08
ON	OFF	OFF	ON	F11. 09
ON	OFF	ON	0FF	F11. 10
ON	OFF	ON	ON	F11. 11
ON	ON	OFF	OFF	F11. 12
ON	ON	OFF	ON	F11. 13
ON	ON	ON	OFF	F11. 14
ON	ON	ON	ON	F11. 15

CODE	Description	Range of setting	Refer. value	
F01.01	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1	
F01.03	frequency setting source selection	4.multiple-speed frequency setting	4	
F06.01	DI2 function selection	Forward rotation	1	
F06.02	DI3 function selection	MS speed terminal 1	12	
F06.03	DI4 function selection	Ms speed terminal 2	13	
F06.04	DI5 function selection	Ms speed terminal 3	14	
F11.01	MS speed 1	-100.0~100.0%	20	
F11.02	MS speed 2	100.0~100.0%	50	
F11.04	MS speed 3	100.0~100.0%	100	mpany

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# 15.Frequency UP and Down controlled by I/O interface terminal board



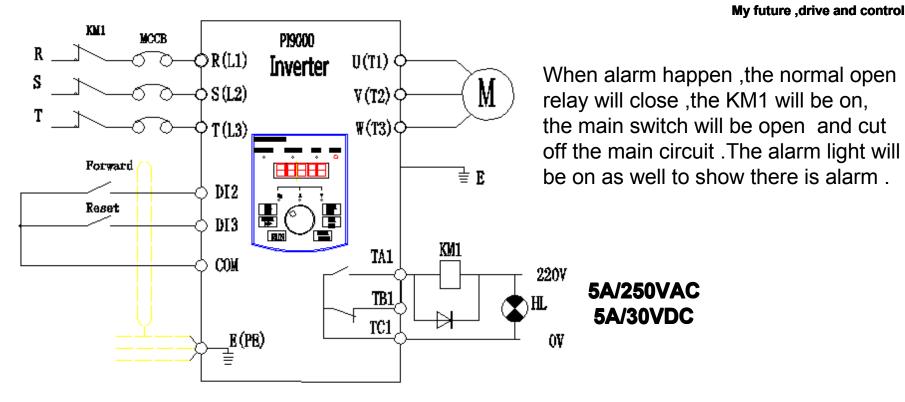


CODE	Description	Range of setting	Refer. value
F01.01	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1
F06.01	DI2 function selection	Forward rotation	1
F06.02	DI3 function selection	Reverse rotation	2
F06.03	DI4 function selection	Three line mode control mode (stop)	3
F06.04	DI5 function selection	9:frequency UP by terminal (UF)	9
F06.00	DI1 function selection	10:frequency Down by terminal (DN)	10
F06.08	change rate of terminal up and down	0.01~100.00Hz/s	0.5Hz

## **16.1.Application of multi-function output** .(1) alarm output



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### **Parameters setting**

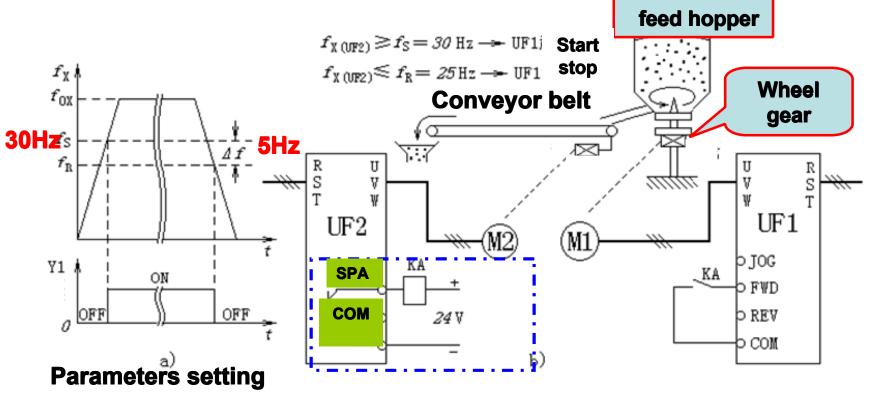
CODE	Description	Range of setting	Refer. value
F01.01	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1
F06.01	DI2 function selection	Forward rotation	1
F06.02	DI3 function selection	Fault reset	7
F08.2	Relay output selection	0: No output 1:motorforward running 2:motor reverse running 3:Fault output 4:Frequency level detection FDT output 5:Frequency arrival 6:in Zero speed operation 7:Frequency upper limit arrival 8:Frequency lower limit arrival 9~10:Reserved	3

# 16.2.Application of multi-function output 2. (frequency arrival and frequency detecting)



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VFD 1 will start once the fre. of VF2 arriving at 30Hz, stop when fre. of VF2 limit 25Hz.

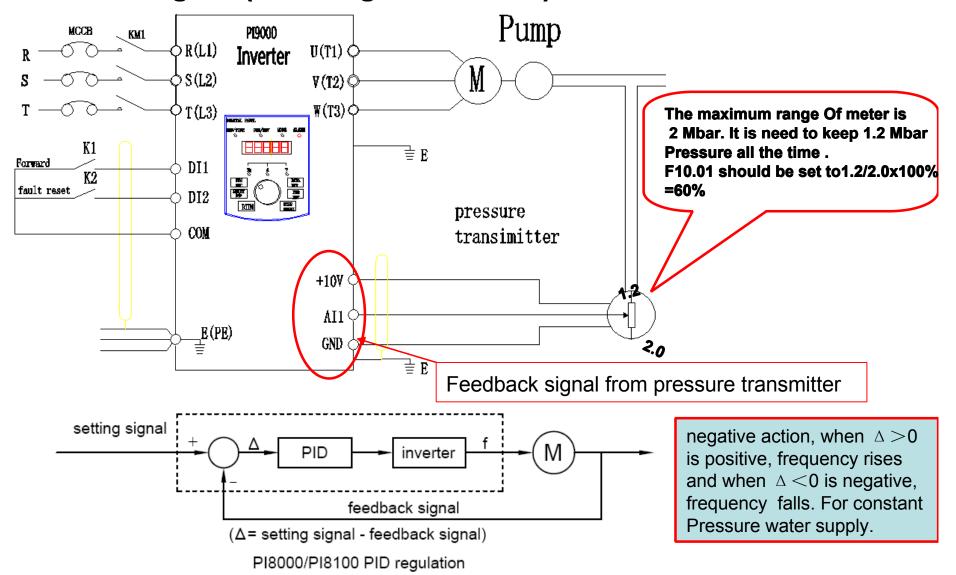


CODE	Description	Range of setting	Refer. value
F01.01	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1
F06.01	DI2 function selection	Forward rotation	1
F08.2	Relay output selection	4:Frequency level detection FDT output	4
F09.17	(FDT) frequency detection value	0.00~F01.07(Maximum frequency)	35Hz
F09.18	FDT detection hysteresis	0.0%~100.0%(FDT level )	5Hz

# 17. 1.PID control for constant pressure water supply -electrical diagram (0-10V signal feedback)



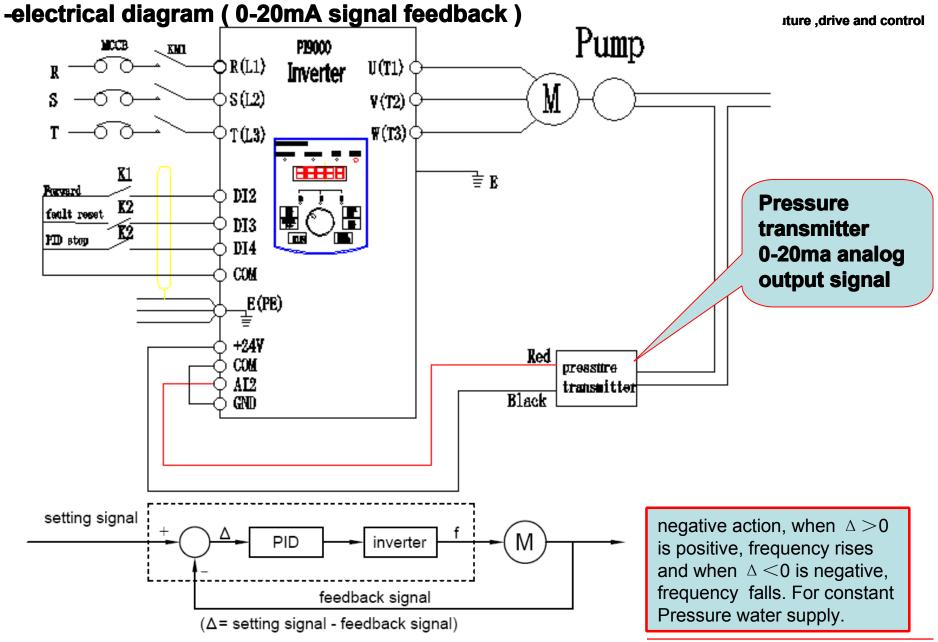
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17.2.PID control for constant pressure water supply

PI8000/PI8100 PID regulation



PID control for constant pressure water supply Parameters setting

POWTRAN	)
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ameters	setting		Mu futuro drivo ond og
F01.0	Control mode	0:V/F	0
F01.1	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1
F01.03	frequency setting source selection	5:PID control setting	5
F01.11	acceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	25
F01.12	deceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	25
F10.00	PID setup source	key board (F10.01)	0
F10.01	PID value set by keyboard	0.0%~100.0%	50
F10.02	PID feedback source	0:analog input feedback signal AI1 /AI2	0/1
F10.03	PID action direction	1:negative action	1
F10.04	proportional gain (Kp)	0.00~100.00	1.0
F10.05	integration time (Ti)	0.00~100.00	0.10s
F10.06	Differential time (Td)	0.00~100.00	0.10s
F10.08	PID control Deviation limit	0.0~100.0%	0
F01.08	upper limit frequency	F01.09~F01.07(maximun frequency)	50Hz
F01.09	lower limit frequency	0.00Hz~F01.08(upper limit frequency)	30Hz
F06.01	DI2 function selection	1.Forward running direction	1
F06.02	DI3 function selection	7:fault reset	7
F06.02	DI4 function selection	16.PID stop	16
F06.07	Terminal command mode	0.three line control mode 2	3



#### My future ,drive and control

#### Suggestion:

- 1. Check the direction of running . Press "FWD" for 1 sec ,if the direction of motor running is wrong, ,please cut off the input power supply ,and change the order of input power phase .
- 2. F10.01 ( PID value set by keyboard ), the value should be sett according the law , Target of pressure want to keep up (P)/ maximum pressure range of meter \*100%.
- 3 .proportional gain (Kp) and integration time (Ti) setting method :
- A, program a little value for proportional gain (Kp), and pre-set integration time (Ti) to  $20 \sim 30s$  about .
- B, Increase the Kp value gradually until oscillation happen in system ,and then make the value pre-set of Kp to it's half .
- C, Decrease Ti value gradually until oscillation happen in system ,and then set 150% or pre-set instead .
- In common ,everything will ok according above mentioned setting . if a little oscillation happen ,please set Kp a little small ,or set Ti a little big ,if the system need to air restore soon after air leaking ,please set Kp a little big ,or set the Ti a little small .



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# 18. PI9000 apply in air compressor retrofitting with PID control function.

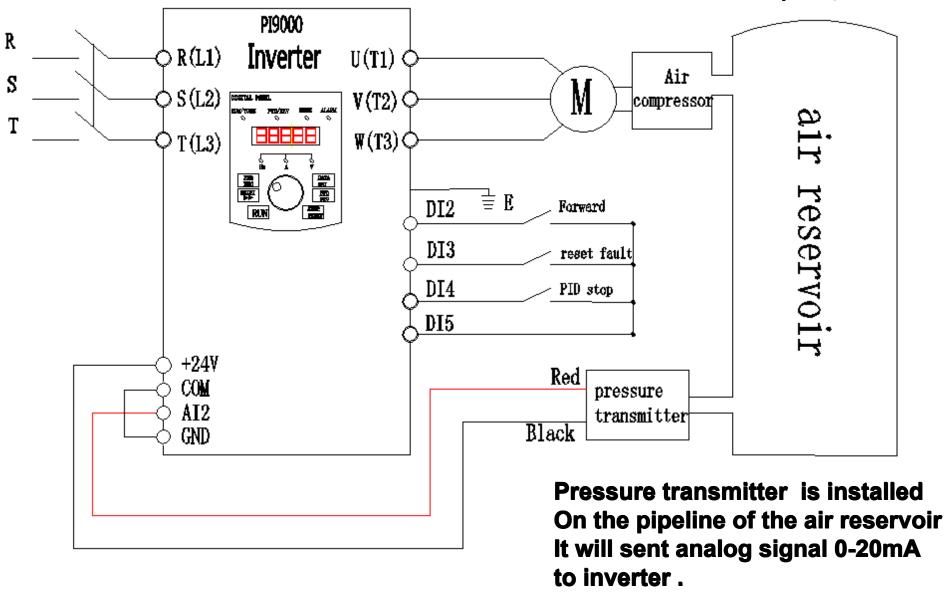
The air compressor variable frequency control system is mainly composed of a frequency converter, a pressure sensor (pressure transmitter ).

A pressure sensor component is first used to test the pressure in the reservoir. Next, the detection display instrument sends the output pressure analog signal to the frequency converter, which then compares to the feedback signal and the given objective signal, using the internal PID of the frequency converter to carry out automatic output frequency regulation, allowing for automatic adjustment of compressor motor speed and output power. This creates a closed-loop feedback system that maintains constant pressure and automatic control in the pipe network.

## Wirings of electrical diagram with 0-20mA type of pressure transmitter

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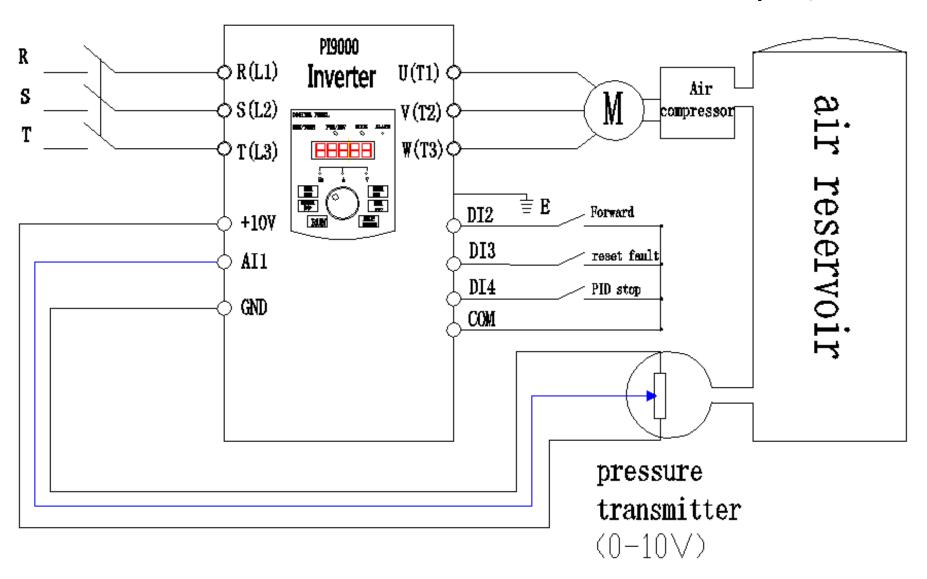
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## Wirings of electrical diagram with 0-10V type pressure transmitter

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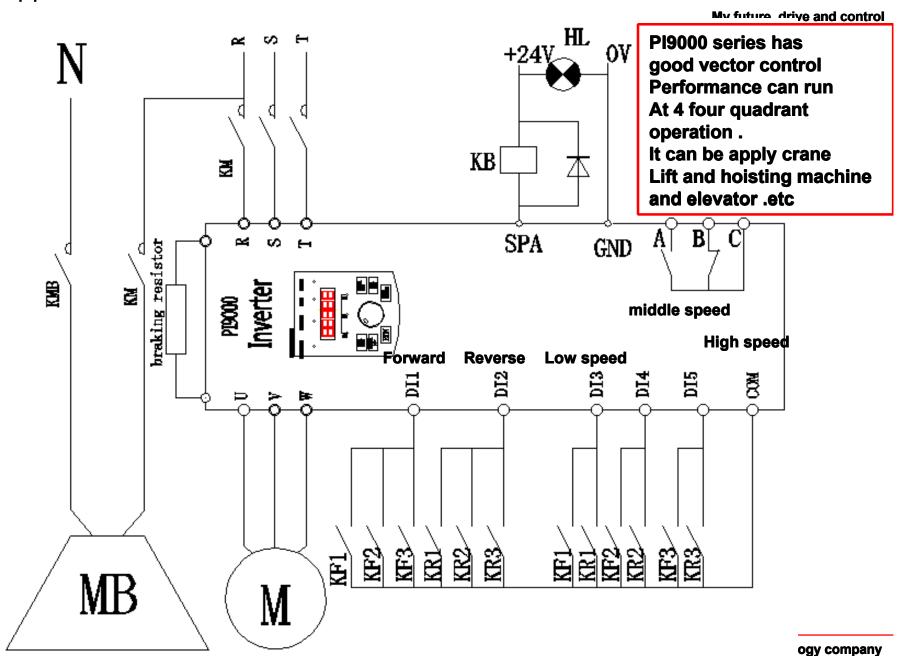
## **Parameters setting table**



	<u> </u>		
CODE	Description of Code	Range of setting	Refer. value
F01.0	Control mode	0:V/F	0
F01.1	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1
F01.03	frequency setting source selection	5:PID control setting	5
F01.08	upper limit frequency	F01.09~F01.07( maximum frequency )	50Hz
F01.09	lower limit frequency	0.00Hz~F01.08(upper limit frequency)	30Hz
F01.11	acceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	25
F01.12	deceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	25
F10.00	PID setup source	key board (F10.01)	0
F10.01	PID value set by keyboard	0.0%~100.0%	60
F10.02	PID feedback source	0:analog input feedback signal AI1	0
F10.03	PID action direction	1:negative action	1
F10.04	proportional gain (Kp)	0.00~100.00	1.0
F10.05	integration time (Ti)	0.00~100.00	0.10s
F10.06	Differential time (Td)	0.00~100.00	0.10s
F10.08	PID control Deviation limit	0.0~100.0%	0
F06.00	DI1 function selection	1.Forward running direction	1
F06.01	DI2 function selection	7:fault reset	7
F06.02	DI3 function selection	16:PID control stop	16
F 03.00	inverter type	1:F type inverter ( fan ,pump 's load type inverter)	1

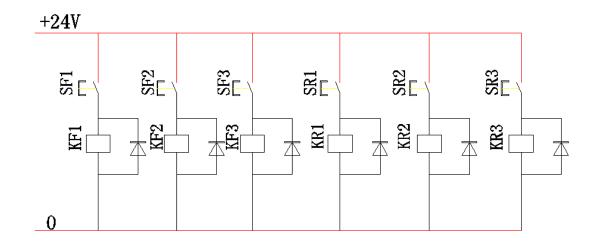


## 19. Application of PI9000 series inverters in crane





My future drive and control



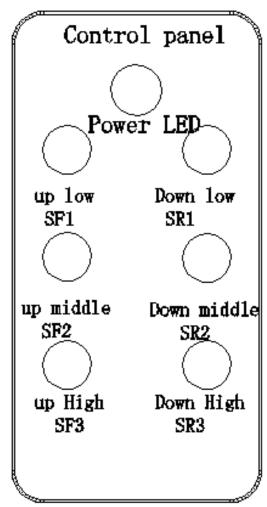
DI1 – lift up the load

DI2 - Down the load

DI3- MSS1 for low speed running

DI4-MSS 2 for middle speed running

DI5-MSS 3 for high speed running.



We can select the DC brake function before running to hold the Motor for prolong the working life of mechanical of brake.

Also can using the DC braking function before stop to protecting

From load loss suddenly. F02 parameter group

Service center of POVTRAN technology company



1. Must perform motor auto-turning first when apply the vector control mode

- My future ,drive and control
- 1.Disconnect the load from motor .(This is important ,otherwise can't get the Motor parameters precision ,the perform of vector can't work well )
- 2. put the F03.01 ,F03.02,F03.03,F03.04,F03.05 according nameplate of motor.
- 3.Put the F03.11 to 1, the light of TUN will on in the keyboard ,and then press The RUN key ,motor will start auto-turning automatic .
- 4. It will display 'END" in the menu at the end of auto-turning .it means the auto Turning has performed successfully .

CODE	Description of Code	Range of setting
F03. 01	rated power	15.000
F03. 02	rated frequency	50Hz
F03. 03	rated rotation speed	1450
F03. 04	rated voltage	380V
F03. 05	rated current	32A
F03. 11	motor auto-turning selection	1:complete Rotational auto-tuning

## Parameters setting table :



CODE	Description of Code	Dange of cetting	Refer.	and control
	Description of Code	Range of setting		
F01.0	Control mode	0:Vector control mode	1	
F01.1	command source selection	1:Terminal command channel (LED ON)	1	
F01.03	frequency setting source selection	4:Multiple speed setting	4	
F01.11	acceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	10	
F01.12	deceleration time	0.1~3600.0s	10	
F06.00	DI1 function selection	1.Forward running direction	1	
F06.01	DI2 function selection	2:Reverse rotation (REV)	2	
F06.02	DI3 function selection	12:MS speed terminal 1	12	
F06.03	DI4 function selection	13:MS speed terminal 2	13	
F06.04	DI5 function selection	14:MS speed terminal 3	14	
F08.02	SPA collector output selection	4:Frequency level detection FDT output	4	
F02.00	Startup mode	1:star up before apply DC braking	1	
F02.03	DC brake current at start	0.0~150%	130%	
F02.04	DC brake time at start	0.0~50.s	1.0s	
F02.06	DC brake beginning frequency at stop	0.00~F01.07	4Hz	
F02.09	Dc brake time at stop	0.0~50.s	1s	
F11.01	MS speed 1	-100.0~100.0%	10	
F11.02	MS speed 2	-100.0~100.0%	50	
F11.04	MS speed 4	-100.0~100.0%	100	gy company



#### 20. Fault Diagnosis

My future, drive and control

Pl9000 inverter has a number of warning information and protection function. In case of abnormal fault, the protection function will be invoked, the inverter will stop output, and the faulty relay contact of the inverter will start, and the fault code will be displayed on the display panel of the inverter.

```
1:inverter unit U protection (E.OUP)
2:inverter unit V protection (E.OUP)
                                             15:over heat of rectifier (E.oH1)
3:inverter unit W protection (E.OUP)
                                            16:over heat of IGBT(E.oH2)
4:over current during acceleration (E.oC1)
                                            17:external device fault (E.SET)
5:over current during deceleration (E.oC2)
                                            18:communication fault (E.CE)
6:over current when constant speed (E.oC3) 19:current detection fault (E.ItE)
7:over voltage during acceleration (E.oU1)
                                            20:Motor auto-turning fault( E.tE )
                                            21:EEPROM read and write fault (E.EEP)
8:over voltage during deceleration (E.oU2)
9:over Voltage when constant speed (E.oU3)22:PID feedback has fault( E.PId )
10:lower voltage in DC bus (E.LU)
                                            23:braking unit has fault( E.bCE )
11.motor over load (E.oL1)
12:inverter over load((E.oL2)
13:input phase of power failure (E.PHI)
14:output phase of power failure (E.PHo)
```